



**INNOVATIVE
CHEMICAL
CORPORATION**

7769 95th Street South
Cottage Grove, MN 55016

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date: 8/12/2015
Emergency Phone: 1-800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

Section 1: Identification

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Product Name: Bowl-Q 200 | Code: 98PB200 |
| Chemical Type: Liquid | Manufacturer/Supplier: Innovative Chemical Corporation 7769 95th Street South Cottage Grove, MN 55016 651-649-1762 |

Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of nonpesticide chemicals. Please read complete product label.

Classification of the substance or mixture: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) (respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Label elements

Signal word: Danger, Caution
Hazard statements: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Causes moderate eye irritation.



Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves: < 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wear protective clothing. Recommended: safety apron. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response: If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or a physician. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or physician. Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a poison center or Section 1: Identification Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification physician. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a Poison Center or physician.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

Hazards not otherwise classified: None known.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance or mixture: Mixture

Other means of identification: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable.

| Hazardous Components | | |
|----------------------|---------|-----------|
| Chemical Name | %weight | CAS |
| Hydrogen chloride | 10-15 | 7647-01-0 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational limits, if available are listed in Section 8.

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Eyes | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. |
| Inhalation | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Skin | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is Section 4: First-Aid Measures Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye damage. (Per OSHA) Causes irreversible eye damage. (Per EPA) |
| Inhalation | May cause respiratory irritation (Per OSHA). Harmful if inhaled (Per EPA). |
| Skin contact | Causes severe burns (Per OSHA). Causes skin burns (Per EPA). Harmful if absorbed through skin (Per EPA). |
| Ingestion | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Adverse symptoms may include: pain, watering or redness. |
| Inhalation | Adverse symptoms may include: respiratory tract irritation or coughing. |
| Skin contact | Adverse symptoms may include: pain or irritation, redness or blistering. |
| Ingestion | Adverse symptoms may include: stomach pains. |

Indication of any immediate medical attention needed

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Notes to Physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatment | No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth to mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | None known. |

| | |
|---|---|
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | Decomposition products may include the following materials: products halogenated compounds. |
| Protective actions for fire-fighters | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |
| Protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Small spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release upwind Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal |

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Protective measures | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|----------------------------|---|

| | |
|--|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stores and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been upright opened must be carefully resealed and kept to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient Name | Exposure Limits |
|-------------------|--|
| Hydrogen chloride | ACGIH TLV (UNITED STATES, 4/2014). C: 2 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). CEIL: 5 ppm CEIL: 7 mg/m ³ NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 5 ppm CEIL: 7 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). CEIL: 5 ppm CEIL: 7 mg/m ³ |

| | |
|---|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. |
| Environmental exposure controls | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Individual protection measures

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate technique should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation. |
| Respiratory | Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Eyes/Face | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist a full-face respirator may be required. Recommended: splash goggles. |
| Hands | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. <8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber. |
| Skin/Body | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: safety apron. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

| | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid |
| Color | White |
| Odor | None Added |
| Odor threshold | Not available |
| pH | 1 |
| Melting Point | Not available |
| Boiling Point | Not available |
| Flash Point | Closed cup: >97°C (>206.6°F) |
| Evaporation rate | Not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | Not available |
| Vapor pressure | Not available |
| Vapor density | Not available |
| Relative density | 1.123 |
| Solubility | Easily soluble in cold and hot water. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | Not available |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available |

Viscosity Not available

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: Stable

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data

Incompatible materials: Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Reactive or incompatible with alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity

Not available

Irritation/Corrosion

| Ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| Hydrogen chloride | Eyes- mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 min 5 mg | - |
| | Eyes- mild irritant | Human | - | 24 hrs 4% | - |

Sensitization

Not available

Mutagenicity

Not available

Carcinogenicity

Not available

| Product/Ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Hydrogen chloride | - | 3 | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available

Teratogenicity

Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

| Product/Ingredient name | Category | Route of Exposure | Target Organs |
|-------------------------|----------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Hydrogen chloride | 3 | Not Applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation

Potential acute health effects

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye damage. (Per OSHA) Causes irreversible eye damage. (Per EPA) |
| Inhalation | May cause respiratory irritation (Per OSHA). Harmful if inhaled (Per EPA). |
| Skin contact | Causes severe burns (Per OSHA). Causes skin burns (Per EPA). Harmful if absorbed through skin (Per EPA). |
| Ingestion | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Adverse symptoms may include: pain, watering or redness. |
| Inhalation | Adverse symptoms may include: respiratory tract irritation or coughing. |
| Skin contact | Adverse symptoms may include: pain or irritation, redness or blistering. |
| Ingestion | Adverse symptoms may include: stomach pain. |

Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short and long term exposure**Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Carcinogenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Mutagenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Teratogenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Developmental effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Fertility effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Numerical measures of toxicity****Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route | ATE value |
|---------------------|------------|
| Inhalation (vapors) | 54.21 mg/l |

Section 12: Ecological information**Toxicity**

| Ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Hydrogen chloride | Acute LC50 240000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans- Carcinus maenas- Adult | 48 hrs |
| | Acute LC50 282 ppm Fresh water | Fish- Gambusia affinis- Adult | 96 hrs |

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Hydrogen chloride | 0.25 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}): Not available

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14: Transport information

| Regulatory info | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG | Environmental hazards | Additional info |
|--------------------|-----------|--|---------|-----|-----------------------|---|
| DOT Classification | 1903 | Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound) (Hydrogen chloride) | 8 | II. | No | <p>Reportable quantity: 24640.8 lbs. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.</p> <p>Limited Quantity: Yes.</p> |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------|--|---|-----|-----|--|
| TDG Classification | 1903 | Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound) (Hydrogen chloride) | 8 | II. | No | Explosive limit and limited quantity index 1 |
| Mexico Classification | 1903 | Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound) (Hydrogen chloride) | 8 | II. | No | - |
| ADR/RID Class | 1903 | Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound) (Hydrogen chloride) | 8 | II. | Yes | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes <5 or <5 kg. |
| IMDG Class | 1903 | Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound) (Hydrogen chloride) | 8 | II. | Yes | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes <5 or <5 kg. |
| IATA-DGR Class | 1903 | Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound) (Hydrogen chloride) | 8 | II. | No | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. |

Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not available

Section 15: Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations
TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules: Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides
TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated
TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Hydrogen chloride
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: Hydrogen chloride

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances Not Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances Not Listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) Not Listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) Listed

SARA 302/304 No products found

| Name | % | EHS | SARA 302 TPQ | | SARA 304 RQ | |
|-------------------|---------|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | | | (lbs) | (gallons) | (lbs) | (gallons) |
| Hydrogen chloride | 10-12.5 | Yes | 250 | - | 250 | - |

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
|-------------------|---------|-------------|----------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Hydrogen chloride | 10-12.5 | No | No | Yes | Yes | No |

SARA 313

| | Product Name | CAS number | % |
|--|-------------------|------------|---------|
| Form R - Reporting Requirements | Hydrogen chloride | 7647-01-0 | 10-12.5 |
| Supplier notification | Hydrogen chloride | 7647-01-0 | 10-12.5 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: Hydrogen chloride
New York: The following components are listed: Hydrochloric acid
New Jersey: The following components are listed: Hydrochloric acid
Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: Hydrochloric acid

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not Listed

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed

International Lists:

National Inventory

| | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Australia | Not determined. |
| Canada | Not determined. |
| China | Not determined. |
| Europe | Not determined. |
| Japan | Not determined. |
| Malaysia | Not determined. |
| New Zealand | Not determined. |
| Philippines | Not determined. |
| Republic of Korea | Not determined. |
| Taiwan | Not determined. |

Section 16: Other information

Hazardous Material

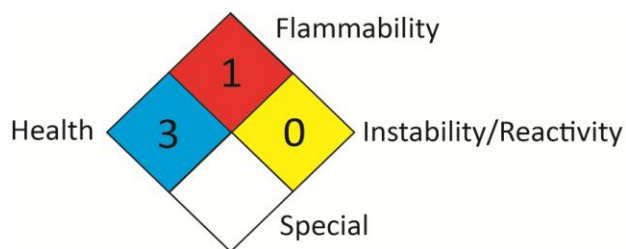
Information System (U.S.A.):

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Health | *3 |
| Flammability | 1 |
| Physical hazards | 0 |
| | |

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J.J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**National Fire Protection
Association:**



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Skin Corr. 1, H314 | On basis of test data |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318 | On basis of test data |
| STOT SE 3, H335 | Calculation method |

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist