



**INNOVATIVE  
CHEMICAL  
CORPORATION**

7769 95th Street South  
Cottage Grove, MN 55016

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Revision Date:** 7/10/2015

**Emergency Phone:** 1-800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

### **Section 1: Identification**

**Product Name:** Foamy

**Code:** 98PFY00

**Chemical Type:** Liquid

**Manufacturer/Supplier:**

Innovative Chemical Corporation  
7769 95th Street South  
Cottage Grove, MN 55016  
651-649-1762

### **Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification**

#### **OSHA/HCS status**

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non pesticide chemicals. Please read complete product label.

#### **Classification of the substance or mixture:**

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

#### **Label elements**

**Signal word:** Danger

**Hazard statements:** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage (Per OSHA). Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if swallowed. (Previous statements per EPA).



#### **Precautionary Statements**

**Prevention:** Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

**Response:** IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

**Storage:** Store locked up.

**Disposal:** Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations

### Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

**Substance or mixture:** Mixture

**Other means of identification:** Not available.

#### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS number:** Not applicable.

Hazardous Components		
Chemical Name	%weight	CAS
Phosphoric acid, solution	≥10 - <25	7664-38-2
citric acid	≥10 - <25	77-92-9
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	≥1 - <2	68424-85-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational limits, if available are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4: First-Aid Measures

#### Description of first aid measures

<b>Eyes</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain and open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
<b>Skin</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly

by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain and open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye damage (Per OSHA). Causes irreversible eye damage (Per EPA)
<b>Inhalation</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes severe burns (Per OSHA). Causes skin burns (Per EPA).
<b>Ingestion</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards (per OSHA). May be fatal if swallowed (Per EPA).

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

<b>Eye contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Pain, watering, redness
<b>Inhalation</b>	No specific data.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Pain or irritation, watering, redness, blistering
<b>Ingestion</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Stomach pains.

## Indication of any immediate medical attention needed

<b>Notes to Physician</b>	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
<b>Specific treatment</b>	No specific treatment.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

### Extinguishing media

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	None known.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
<b>Hazardous thermal decomposition products</b>	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, phosphorus oxides, metal oxide/oxides.
<b>Protective actions for fire-fighters</b>	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
<b>Protective equipment for fire-fighters</b>	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>For non-emergency personnel</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
<b>For emergency responders</b>	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

<b>Small spill</b>	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
<b>Large spill</b>	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (See Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate, or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7: Handling and Storage

### Precautions for safe handling

<b>Protective measures</b>	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in the eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
<b>Advice on general occupational hygiene</b>	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
<b>Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities</b>	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient Name	Exposure Limits
Phosphoric acid, solution	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).</b> TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b> TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate technique should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation.
<b>Respiratory</b>	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
<b>Eyes/Face</b>	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles.
<b>Hands</b>	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several

	substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. 1-4 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber.
<b>Skin/Body</b>	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid
<b>Color</b>	Clear
<b>Odor</b>	Mint
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available
<b>pH</b>	2
<b>Melting Point</b>	Not available
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Not available
<b>Flash Point</b>	Closed cup: Not applicable. [Product does not sustain combustion.]
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available
<b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b>	Not available
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Not available
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available
<b>Relative density</b>	1.0729
<b>Solubility</b>	Easily soluble in cold water.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	Not available
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available

### Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

<b>Reactivity:</b>	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>Chemical stability:</b>	Stable
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions:</b>	Under normal conditions, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid:</b>	No specific data
<b>Incompatible materials:</b>	Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Alkalis
<b>Hazardous decomposition products:</b>	Under normal conditions, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11: Toxicological Information

#### Acute toxicity

Ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Phosphoric acid, solution	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.25 g/kg	-
citric acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	426 mg/kg	-

C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides				
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### Irritation/Corrosion

Ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl- C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs 750 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Milliliters	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	25 milligrams	-

### Sensitization

Not available

### Mutagenicity

Not available

### Carcinogenicity

Not available

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available

### Teratogenicity

Not available

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation

### Potential acute health effects

<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye damage (Per OSHA). Causes irreversible eye damage (Per EPA).
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<b>Inhalation</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes severe burns (Per OSHA). Causes skin burns (Per EPA).
<b>Ingestion</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards (per OSHA). May be fatal if swallowed (Per EPA).

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

<b>Eye contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include: pain, watering, redness.
<b>Inhalation</b>	No specific data.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Adverse symptoms may include: Stomach pains.

### Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects:** Not available.

**Potential delayed effects:** Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects:** Not available.

**Potential delayed effects:** Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available

**General:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5626 mg/kg

## Section 12: Ecological information

### Toxicity

Ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Phosphoric acid, solution	Acute EC50 105 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hrs
	Acute LC50 60 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hrs
citric acid	Acute LC50 160000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - Adult	48 hrs
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl,	Acute EC50 670 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase	96 hrs



Acute EC50 5.9 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hrs
Acute LC50 64 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hrs
Chronic NOEC 4.15 ppb Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Chronic NOEC 32.2 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	34 days

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
citric acid	-1.8	-	low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>): Not available

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14: Transport information

Regulatory info	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG	Environmental hazards	Additional info
DOT Classification	1903	Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Didecyldimethylammonium Chloride, Phosphoric Acid) (didecyldimethylammonium chloride)	8	III	No	<b>Reportable quantity</b> 33333.3 lbs / 15133.3 kg [3726.2 gal / 14105.1 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation

						requirements. <b>Limited Quantity</b> Yes.
TDG Classification		Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Didecyldimethylammonium Chloride, Phosphoric Acid) (didecyldimethylammonium chloride)	8	III	No	<b>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</b> 5
Mexico Classification		Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Didecyldimethylammonium Chloride, Phosphoric Acid) (didecyldimethylammonium chloride)	8	III	No	-
ADR/RID Class		Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Didecyldimethylammonium Chloride, Phosphoric Acid) (didecyldimethylammonium chloride)	8	III	No	-
IMDG Class		Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Didecyldimethylammonium Chloride, Phosphoric Acid) (didecyldimethylammonium chloride)	8	III	No	-
IATA-DGR Class		Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Didecyldimethylammonium Chloride, Phosphoric Acid) (didecyldimethylammonium chloride)	8	III	No	-

**Special precautions for user:**

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according  
to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78  
and the IBC Code:**

Not available

## Section 15: Regulatory information

<b>U.S. Federal regulations</b>	<b>TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules:</b> Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides <b>TSCA 8(a) PAIR:</b> 2-(4-tert-butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde <b>TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:</b> Not determined <b>Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:</b> Phosphoric acid, solution
<b>Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)</b>	Not listed
<b>Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances</b>	Not Listed
<b>Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances</b>	Not Listed
<b>DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)</b>	Not Listed
<b>DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)</b>	Not Listed
<b>SARA 302/304</b>	No products found
<b>SARA 304 RQ</b>	Not applicable.
<b>SARA 311/312 Classification</b>	Immediate (acute) health hazard

### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Phosphoric acid, solution	≥10 - <25	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
citric acid	≥10 - <25	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	≥1 - <2	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

### State regulations

<b>Massachusetts:</b>	The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID
<b>New York:</b>	The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID
<b>New Jersey:</b>	The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID; ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL

**Pennsylvania:** The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID; DENATURED ALCOHOL

**International regulations**

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not Listed

**Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)**

Not listed

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)**

Not listed

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed

**International Lists:**

**National Inventory**

<b>Australia</b>	Not determined.
<b>Canada</b>	Not determined.
<b>China</b>	Not determined.
<b>Europe</b>	Not determined.
<b>Japan</b>	Not determined.
<b>Malaysia</b>	Not determined.
<b>New Zealand</b>	Not determined.
<b>Philippines</b>	Not determined.
<b>Republic of Korea</b>	Not determined.
<b>Taiwan</b>	Not determined.

**Section 16: Other information**

**Hazardous Material**

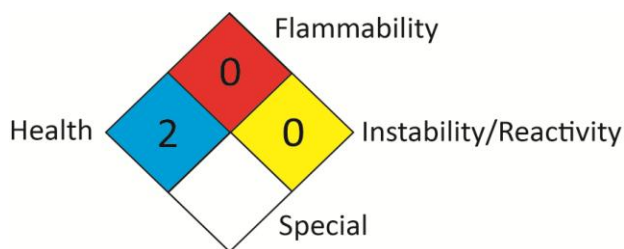
**Information System (U.S.A.):**

<b>Health</b>	<b>*2</b>
<b>Flammability</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Physical hazards</b>	<b>0</b>

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J.J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection  
Association:



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Skin Corr. 1, H314	On basis of test data
Eye Dam. 1, H318	On basis of test data

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist